Outdoor Services & Events

This year poses unique challenges for the communal observance of the High Holidays, causing us all to make difficult decisions on how to safely take part. With many synagogues holding services outside in an effort to socially distance, we must reassess security considerations for conducting these services.

### Top Ten Security Considerations for Outdoor Services

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Conduct pre-event planning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Coordinate with law enforcement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Utilize safety and security staff</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Ensure appropriate communication and outreach is conducted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Secure the perimeter of your event space</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Practice good access control</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Continue safety and security best practices during the event</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Ensure mitigation, response, and reporting procedures are followed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Implement COVID-19 considerations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Post-event, determine what went well and what needs to be corrected for the next event</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Pre-Event Planning

- Convene a safety and security committee consisting of representatives from executive leadership, lay leaders, safety/security personnel, event personnel, and law enforcement
- Assign a security coordinator with overall responsibility for the plan/event
- Complete a special event threat assessment to identify risks and mitigation measures for the event
- Develop and implement an Emergency Operations Plan specific to the event to include:
  - Medical incidents
  - Civil protest/disturbance
  - Active threat
  - Fire
  - Evacuation procedures
- Establish a communication plan for coordinating all safety and security activities during the event
- Ensure medical equipment is placed properly (outdoors/indoors/strategically placed)

### Coordination with Law Enforcement

- Provide law enforcement with all the details surrounding your event such as:
  - Time
  - Date
  - Location
  - Number of guests
  - Controls
  - Emergency Operations Plan
- Have law enforcement walk through your event space prior to the event
- For larger events, ask law enforcement for assistance in developing a traffic control plan
- Confirm contact numbers for law enforcement
- If possible, coordinate with your local intelligence centers (e.g., fusion centers) to better understand the current risk/threat environment as it relates to the High Holidays in your area
- Request a threat/risk briefing from your local/federal law enforcement
- Hire off-duty police officers, as needed, to provide an additional layer of security for the event. Carefully lay out what the expectations are for conduct, response, assistance, and intervention (post orders)
Safety & Security Staff

- Provide and/or hire security personnel. Adjust staffing needs according to the size of the event
- Utilize volunteer staff as part of the Usher/Greeter Program to assist congregants during emergency situations
- Ensure everyone assigned a safety/security role understands the Emergency Operations Plan, especially law enforcement
- For larger events, consider having medical personnel on site (e.g. EMT, trained professionals)

Communications & Outreach

- Consider how your organization’s promotional materials and advertising could affect the safety and security of the event
  - Understand the visibility of your event
    - How are you promoting the event? (e.g. social media, members only)
    - How high profile is your event?
  - Communicate early and often with those invited. Information to share includes requirements for:
    - Tickets
    - Identification
    - Name tags
  - Have a communications plan internally and externally
    - Ensure your guests know what the safety and security procedures and policies are and communicate these before the event, at the start of the event, and during the event
    - Ensure clear communications between all safety and security personnel (e.g. radios, cell phones). Avoid using jargon in communications

Access Control

- Keep access points staffed with safety and security personnel as well as event staff, and require visitors to enter the event space through a controlled entrance(s)
- Provide sufficient staffing at entrances and exits to facilitate the orderly entry and exit of attendees. Ensure emergency exits allow for the free flow of attendees
- Screen visitors/attendees as they enter the event to prevent visitors from bringing in unwanted items. Entry screening can range from visual inspection and bag searches to searches with metal detectors and handheld wands. Be advised hired law enforcement generally cannot conduct searches
- Be prepared to deny entry to those who do not adhere to your policy and identify who has the authority to make this decision
- Provide secure parking areas and enforce parking arrangements to facilitate entry and exit of guests as well as access for emergency personnel and vehicles

COVID-19 Considerations

- Ensure you are following local and state regulations for your event, such as:
  - Number of guests
  - Social distancing
  - Mask requirements
- Ensure that event entrance and screening procedures do not compromise COVID-19 best practices
- Do not use off-duty police or contract guards for COVID-19 screening
- If using screening, have clear signage on site and communicate policies and procedures early and often to your guests
- Refer to SCN “Back to Business” document for additional best practices

Perimeter Control – Establishing Your Boundaries

- Have an assigned and clearly marked perimeter for the event
- Have assigned access control points
- Have safety/security/law enforcement patrol and monitor the perimeter to ensure no unauthorized access

Post-Event Actions

- An After-Action Report (AAR) should be completed in a timely manner and shared with the rest of the security team. The AAR focuses on both the positive and negative aspects of the event and identifies how mistakes and incidents can be prevented during future events
- If an incident occurs during the event, the planning team should prepare and maintain a summary sheet to show how personnel responded to the incident for liability purposes